

INSTITUTE OF TEACHING AND RESEARCH IN AYURVEDA
[INSTITUTE OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE]

MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

B. PHARM. (AYU.) I YEAR

ENGLISH

Question Bank

Subject Verb Agreement

Fill in the blanks with correct form of the verb:

1. Two and two four.
2. Bread and butter take wholesome food.
3. Gulliver’s travels written by swift.
4. A good man and useful citizenpassed away.
5. Each of the boys.....rewarded.
6. The jury.....divided in their opinion.
7. He is one of the authors who.....destined to be immortal.
8. Neither of the boys.....quite at his ease.
9. The cost of these articles.....risen.
10. Every leaf and every flower.....stripped off the tree.
12. The horse and trap.....been waiting for a long time.The Arabian Nights.....delighted many generations.
13. Kindness as well as justice.....to be our guide.
14. No newsgood news.
15. Forty yardsa good distance.
16. The meetingchosen a president.
17. The public.....requested not to walk on the grass.
18. Iron as well as gold.....found in India.
19. Which one of these umbrellas.....yours?

20. To take pay and then not to do work.....dishonest.

Correct the following sentences:

1. Sita as well as Ram like fruit.
2. The owner of these houses are very clever.
3. There is eleven players in the ground.
4. Rice and curry are his favourite dish.
5. 'Great Expectations' are a good book.
6. Both of the books requires careful reading.
7. Neither Tina nor his friends is going there.
8. A doctor as well as a nurse are working in the hospital.
9. A doctor and a nurse is working in the hospital.
10. A number of books is missing.

Chapter:2 Forms of Verb

Choose the correct verb form from those in brackets:

1. The earth _____ round the sun. (move, moves, moved)
2. My friends _____ the Prime Minister yesterday. (see, have seen, saw)
3. I _____ him one letter up to now. (sent, have sent, shall send)
4. I shall telephone you when he _____ back. (comes, will come, came)
5. It started to rain while we _____ tennis. (are playing, were playing, had played)
6. Can I have some milk before I _____ to bed. (go, am going, shall go)
7. He _____ asleep while he was driving. (falls, fell, has fallen)
8. I'm sure I _____ him at the party last night. (saw, have seen, had seen)
9. He _____ a mill in this town. (have, has, is having)
10. He _____ here for the last five years. (worked, is working, has been working)

Chapter: 3 (Idiomatic use of Preposition & Conjunction)

Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions:-

- 1) Silkworms feed _____ mulberry trees.
- 2) Ashoka is worthy _____ remembrance.
- 3) The godown is an infested _____ rat.
- 4) Alcohol is injurious _____ health.
- 5) The British parliament is composed _____ two houses.
- 6) My brother is weak _____ mathematics.
- 7) Birbal is celebrated _____ his witty sayings.
- 8) A brave boy rescued the child _____ danger.
- 9) Elizabeth knew how to inspire her soldiers _____ hope.
- 10) Early rising is beneficial _____ health.
- 11) Examinations act as an incentive _____ diligence.
- 12) He is too miserly to part _____ his money.
- 13) I am sick _____ the whole business.
- 14) His income is not adequate _____ his wants.
- 15) The battle resulted _____ a victory for the allies.
- 16) Your wish is tantamount _____ a command.
- 17) One is sure _____ what one sees.
- 18) Children are fond _____ sweets.
- 19) What are you laughing _____ ?
- 20) My little sister is afraid _____ dogs.

Chapter: 4 (Phrasal Verbs & Idioms)

Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions:-

1. Most people are given _____ talking their experiences
_____ other persons.
2. I am no exception _____ the rule.

3. First _____ all, let me introduce myself _____ you.
4. That was very kind _____ him.
5. We must choose a symbol that _____ strength and integrity.
6. The baby has taken _____ his father.
7. With the rains failing two years consecutively, many areas are running _____ water.
8. He wrote _____ his notes neatly.
9. He put _____ several interesting ideas, but none was accepted.
10. He looks _____ life differently from you and me.

Explain

1. To kill two birds with one stone
2. Once in a blue moon
3. To be in the pink
4. To take someone under one's wing
5. Straight from the horse's mouth
6. Take over
7. Speak up
8. Put up with
9. Jump at
10. Fall in with

Chapter: 5 (Structural Use of Infinitive, Gerund & Participles)

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb given in brackets:

1. No one can stop him from _____ his work. (do)
2. All of them were punished for _____ so much noise. (make)
3. Sohan fell ill by _____ contaminated food. (eat)
4. This milk is not fit for _____. (drink)
5. He was surprised at _____ his mother there. (find)

6. The teacher stopped him from _____ out. (go)
7. By _____ early, they avoided missing the train. (arrive)
8. On _____ the news, the meeting was postponed. (hear)
9. The thief was caught _____ into the house. (break)
10. He desired to _____ to the party. (go)

Chapter: 6 (Common Errors in English)

Correct the following sentences:

1. All my family members decided to go there.
2. Our teacher will take a test.
3. Open the ninth page of your book.
4. He is my cousin brother.
5. This house comprises of five rooms.
6. Stop to write.
7. Our army has done well.
8. Being a wet day, he stayed at home.
9. The man is mortal.
10. He is M.A.

Chapter: 7 (Punctuation & Capitalization)

Punctuate the following sentences:

- a. My friend is danger he said to himself let me help him if I can.
- b. The mouse heard the lions roar
- c. The boy shouted wolf the farmers left their fields and came to him where is the wolf they cried the boy laughed and said nothing
- d. Sorely my disappointed he said these grapes are sour why should I waste my time for them

- e. Some want to catch the bus for Okhla others want to go Kutubminar.
- f. Sandal wood the more it is rubbed the more scent does it yield
- g. Surrender exclaimed joyfully how wonderful to have met you suresh and other friends again.
- h. Whats today its diwali a festival of hindus
- i. Go then said my father and jump into the river.
- j. Do you really want work said the merchant yes you have any replied the boy then follow me and carry this box to my house
- k. The teacher told the class that the earth is round
- l. The stranger asked me why I wasted my time
- m. Who would not like to be a teacher
- n. Give everyman thy ear but few thy voice
- o. He was caught red-handed therefore ha was arrested and sent to prison
- p. He acts like a child he goes first here and then there and no one knows what to do with him
- q. This is the same house where Gandhi Ji was born The meeting will be held at 6 pm tomorrow
- r. In he sentence punit killed the snake the verb killed is in the active voice
- s. He has got a weeks holiday
- t. Simple living and high thinking is a principle of his life.
- u. After a few months stay I ran away
- v. I steal or beg my food fight with my enemies run about the streets from sunrise to sun set smell at every house and now and then receive a kick.
- w. Distinguish a true friend from a false one is a wise saying
- x. Our motto should be play up play up the game
- y. William Wordsworth says my heart leaps up when I behold a rainbow in the sky
- z. It was July 1990 early in the morning when he woke up
- aa. have time to listen to me
- ab. to err is human to forgive divine

Chapter: 8 (Vocabulary Building)

Write one word substitute:

That which easily catches fire

Able to read

A number of merchant ships protected by warships

One who has special skill in judging art, music, etc.

Murder of a new born child

That which cannot be hurt

Incapable of being redeemed from evil, i.e., beyond correction

To destroy completely

One who looks on the bright side of things

One who collects postage stamps

Chapter:9 (Synonyms & Antonyms Agreement)

Chose the right answer:

Find out the **antonym** for italicized word from the options given below:

Q.1 *Luscious*

a) fickle

b) languid

c) insipid

d) retrograde

Q.2 *Merciless*

a) obscure

b) injurious

c) urgently

d) compassionate

Q.3 *Denigrate*

a) speak of

b) praise

c) scandalize

d) befriend

Q.4 *Bleak*

a) bright

b) open

c) discouraging

d) sound

Q.5 *Pessimist*

a) theist

b) believer

c) optimist

d) vocalist

Q.6 *Meagre*

a) excessive

b) plentiful

c) extravagant

d) average

- Q.7 *Leap*
a) immerse
c) sink
b) fall
d) plunge
- Q.8 *Smooth*
a) hard
c) awkward
b) rough
d) plunge
- Q.9 *Rear*
a) forward
c) foreground
b) forehead
d) front
- Q.10 *Native*
a) foreigner
c) stranger
b) newcomer
d) alone
- Q.11 *Coarse*
a) neat
c) beautiful
b) fine
d) simple
- Q.12 *Solemnly*
a) lavishly
c) carelessly
b) flippantly
d) dispassionately
- Q.13 *Reckless*
a) wild
c) casual
b) considerable
d) cautious
- Q.14 *Nominal*
a) large
c) minimal
b) exorbitant
d) costly
- Q.15 *Indigenous*
a) strange
c) unlawful
b) native
d) alien
- Q.16 *Retard*
a) hinder
c) hasten
b) disturb
d) facilitate
- Q.17 *Concrete*
a) imperfect
c) incorrect
b) inexact
d) abstract
- Q.18 *Indigent*

- a) rich
- c) weak
- e) undecided
- b) splendid
- d) poor

Q.19 *Enthusiasm*

- a) Zeal
- c) fervour
- e) excitement
- b) zest
- d) apathy

Q.20 *Vertical*

- a) Parallel
- c) slanting
- e) straight
- b) horizontal
- d) oblique

Solutions:

1 d 2 d 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 b 7 c 8 b 9 d 10 a
11 b 12 b 13 d 14 b 15 b 16 c 17 d 18 a 19 d 20 b

SET - 2

Find out the **antonym** for italicized word from the options given below:

Q.1 The new boss is well known for his *rigid* approach to all problems.

- a) swift
- c) sympathetic
- b) logical
- d) flexible

Q.2 *Adversity* is the source of numerous vices.

- a) wealth
- c) luxury
- b) prosperity
- d) money

Q.3 His *repulsive* behaviour could not be ignored.

- a) attractive
- c) lovely
- b) mild
- d) admirable

Q.4 He is an *amateur* photographer.

- a) average
- c) experienced
- b) skilled
- d) professional

The witness *affirmed* on oath that he was an eyewitness to the crime under

Q.5 study.

- a) disputed
- c) contradicted
- b) denied
- d) opposed

On the hillside, he could see the *vague* shapes of sheep coming through the mist.

- a) clear
- b) transparent
- c) plain
- d) apparent

Q.7 His *casual* remarks were taken note of by all members of the board.

- a) careful
- b) precise
- c) sincere
- d) flawless

Q.8 If you *pamper* the child you will regret it.

- a) scold
- b) discourage
- c) scorn
- d) neglect

Q.9 These rules are not to *prevent* further appointments.

- a) facilitate
- b) expedite
- c) accelerate
- d) aggravate

Q.10 The artist led a very *austere* life.

- a) luxurious
- b) exciting
- c) boisterous
- d) eventful

Q.11 The last show of the concert at Red Fort was a *fiasco*.

- a) triumph
- b) victory
- c) fruitful
- d) success

The members of the opposition party made *derogatory* remarks about the

Q.12 P.M.

- a) praiseworthy
- b) respectable
- c) laudatory
- d) admirable

Q.13 His writings have been much *eulogized* by Indian scholars.

- a) condemned
- b) disappeared
- c) flouted
- d) disparaged

Q.14 Their meeting was very *boisterous*.

- a) noisy
- b) calm
- c) quiet
- d) businesslike

Q.15 She has suspended her secretary on a *flimsy* ground.

- a) sound
- b) salutary
- c) strong
- d) vigorous

Q.16 They took note of *humility* of the visiting dignitary.

- a) grandeur
- b) arrogance
- c) friendliness
- d) decency

Q.17 His friends liked everything about him except his *frugality*.

- a) Punctuality
- b) extravagance
- c) shabbiness
- d) short-temper

Q.18 He has a *sulky* disposition.

- a) kind
- b) loving
- c) cheerful
- d) mild

Q.19 He is well known for coming up with Impracticable *solutions*.

- a) easy
- b) possible
- c) feasible
- d) alternate

Q.20 After the game all the players felt *elated*.

- a) mournful
- b) melancholy
- c) distressed
- d) dejected

Chapter: 10 (Prefixes & Suffixes)

Q Form words with the following prefixes:

After _____; mis _____; be _____; super _____; ad _____

a _____; per _____; in _____; ir _____; il _____.

Q Form words with the following suffixes:

_____ness; _____ic; _____ation; _____dom; _____en;

_____er; _____ize; _____ism; _____ive; _____icle.

Chapter:11 (Comprehension & Precise Writing)

Write a precis of the following passages and give a suitable title to them.

Most people when asked what spiritual quality is needed to rebuild civilization, will reply 'love'. Men must love one another, they say; nations must do likewise.

Respectfully, but firmly, I disagree. Love is a great force in private life; but love in public affairs does not work. It has been tried again and again; and it has always failed. The idea that nations should love one another, or that marketing boards should love one another, or that a man in Portugal should love a man in Peru of whom he has never heard is absurd, unreal, dangerous. It leads us into perilous and vague sentimentalism. 'Love is what is needed', we chant, and then sit back and the world goes on as before. The fact is that we can only love what we know personally. And we cannot know much. In public affairs, in the rebuilding of civilization, something much less dramatic and emotional is needed, namely, tolerance. Tolerance is a very dull virtue. No one has written an ode to tolerance, or raised a statue to her. Yet this is the quality that is most needed. This is the sound state of mind that we are looking for. This is the only force, which will enable different races and classes and interests to settle down together to work of reconstruction.

11.5.2 Set – 2

Broken friendship, like that with China may be repaired, but the break will always show. Friendship is a precious thing – too precious a treasure to be carelessly broken or thrown away. The world handles the word 'friend' lightly; its true, real, deeper meaning is forgotten, and the acquaintance of an hour or the chance-comer is designated by the term, which in itself bears a wealth of meaning. Your friend is the one who appreciates you – your faults as well as virtues, who understands and sympathises with your defeats and victories, your aims and ideals, your joys and temptations, your hopes and disappointments, as no one else does or can. It is your friend to whom you turn for counsel, for comfort, for praise; he may not be as learned as some or as wise as others, but it suffices that he understands you, and even his quiet listening gives strength and renewed courage.

Blessed is the man or woman into whose life has come the beauty and power of

such a friendship. Prize it well. Do all in your power to keep such a friendship unbroken.

Avoid the break, for when it comes it cannot be mended and the jarring note mars the harmony. It is not just the forgiveness, rather the hurt in the heart that will not readily heal and the confidence that will not fully return.

Chapter:12 (Letter Writing)

1. You have had a bank account for a few years. Recently you received a letter from the bank stating that your account is Rs8000 overdrawn and that you will be charged Rs.400 which will be taken directly from your account. You know that this information is incorrect.

Write a letter to the bank. Explain what has happened and say what you would like them to do about it.

2. You borrowed some books from your school or college library. Unfortunately you have to go away to visit a sick relative and cannot return the books in time.

Write a letter to the library. Explain what has happened and tell them what you want to do about it.

3. You travelled by plane last week and your suitcase was lost. You have still heard nothing from the airline company.

Write to the airline and explain what happened. Describe your suitcase and tell them what was in it. Find out what they are going to do about it.

4. You recently took a part-time job working for a local company. After a few weeks, you realized there were some problems with the job.

Write a letter to the manager of the company. In your letter explain why you took the job, describe the problem that you experienced and suggest what could be done about them.

5. You recently visited a place that had a strong impact on you.

Write a letter to a friend about the place. In your letter

- Explain where the place was and how you got there
- Describe what you saw
- Offer to take your friend there

6. For the past six months you have provided voluntarily help at a local school for 5-7 years-olds. Unfortunately you can no longer do this work.

Write a letter to the principal of the school. In your letter

- Explain you have been doing at the school.
- Give reasons why you can no longer do the work
- Apologise for any problems this may cause.

7. You recently bought a computer from a reputable computer store. The store agreed to deliver the computer and set it up for you in your home but when it was delivered, the delivery man claimed that this was not part of his job.

Write a letter to the manager of the store, In your letter

- Say when you bought the computer and what the price included.
- Express dissatisfaction about what has occurred.
- Find out what they intend to do about it.

8. For the past year you have been a member of the local club. Now you want to discontinue your membership.

Write a letter to the club secretary. In your letter

- State what type of membership you have and how you have paid for this
- Give details of how you have benefited from the club.
- Explain why you want to leave

9. You are due to start a new job next week but you will not be able to because you have some problems.

Write a letter to your new employer. In letter

- Explain you situation
- Describe your problems
- Tell him/her when you think you can start.

10. You wish to go on tour to Manipur where your friend resides in Sydney in your next vacations.

Write a letter to your friend asking information

- You may like to know weather conditions
- Places that are worth seeing, tourist places
- How to reach over there.

Essay Writing

You should spend about 40 minutes on this task. Present a written argument or case to an educated reader with no specialist knowledge of the following topics. You should write at least 250 words.

Use your own ideas, knowledge and experience and support your arguments with examples and relevant evidence.

1. Should wealthy nations be required to share their wealth among poorer nations by providing such things as food and education? Or is it the responsibility of the governments of poorer nations to look after their citizens themselves?
2. Computers are used in business, hospitals, crime detection and even to fly planes. What things will they be used in the future? **Is this dependence on computers a good thing or should we be more suspicious of their benefits?**
3. The spread of English and growth of International tourism have mainly negative effects on local language and culture. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this?
4. Life has always been changing. Some people believe that their children's lives will be different from their own. Up to what extent do you feel this is true? Discuss.
5. The rising levels of congestion and air pollution found in most of the world's cities can be attributed directly to the rapidly increasing number of private cars in use. In order to reverse this decline in the quality of life in cities, attempts must be made to encourage people to use their cars less and public transport more. Argue this topic with suitable examples.
6. Will modern technology, such as the Internet ever replace the books or the written word as the main source of information?

7. Young people frequently fall into the trap of assuming that the difficulties they face today are greater and more troublesome than those faced by previous generations. As they gain experience and maturity, however they eventually become aware of the falsity of this assumption.

8. In some countries the average worker is obliged to retire at the age of 50, while in others people can work until they are 65 or 70. Meanwhile, we see some politicians enjoying their powers well into their eighties also. Clearly, there is little agreement on an appropriate retirement age.
Until what age do you think people should be encouraged to remain in paid employment?

9. In order to be able to study well, students need an attractive, clean learning environment. Universities and colleges should make efforts to provide this. Discuss.

10. In some countries, marriages are arranged by the parents but in other cases people choose their own marriage partner. Discuss both systems.